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# **InGaAs linear image sensors**

G11608 series

# Wide spectral response range, near infrared image sensors (0.5 to 1.7 $\mu$ m)

The G11608 series InGaAs linear image sensors are specifically designed for near infrared multichannel spectrophotometry. The G11608 series consists of an InGaAs photodiode array with enhanced sensitivity at shorter wavelengths, and CMOS chip that contains a charge amplifier array, a shift register, and a timing generator. The charge amplifier array is made up of CMOS transistors connected to each pixel of the InGaAs photodiode array. Signals from each pixel are read out in charge integration mode to achieve high sensitivity and stable operation.

The signal processing circuit on the CMOS chip offers two levels of conversion efficiency (CE) that can be selected by the external voltage to meet the application.

#### Features

- Wide spectral response range (0.5 to 1.7 μm)
- Low noise
- Two selectable conversion efficiencies
- **■** Anti-saturation circuit
- CDS (correlated double sampling) circuit\*1
- **■** Built-in thermistor
- Simple operation (by built-in timing generator)\*2
- High resolution: 25 μm pitch (G11608-512DA)

#### Applications

- Near infrared multichannel spectrophotometry
- Radiation thermometry
- → Non-destructive inspection

- \*1: A major source of noise in charge amplifiers is the reset noise generated when the integration capacitance is reset. A CDS (correlated double sampling) circuit greatly reduces this reset noise by holding the signal immediately after reset to find the noise differential.
- \*2: Different signal timings must be properly set in order to operate a shift register. In conventional image sensor operation, external PLDs (programmable logic device) are used to input the required timing signals. However, the G11608 series image sensors internally generate all timing signals on the CMOS chip just by supplying CLK and RESET pulses. This makes it simple to set the timings.

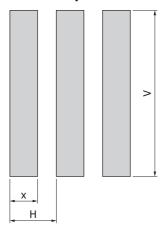
#### Selection guide

| Type no.                | Cooling    | Image area<br>(mm) | Number of total pixels | Number of effective pixels | Applicable driver circuit |  |
|-------------------------|------------|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| G11608-256DA            | Non-cooled | 12.8 × 0.50        | 256                    | 256                        | C11513-01                 |  |
| G11608-512DA Non-cooled |            | 12.6 × 0.50        | 512                    | 512                        | C11313-01                 |  |

#### **Structure**

| Type no.     | Pixel size<br>[μm (H) × μm (V)] | Pixel pitch<br>(µm) | Package        | Window material            |
|--------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| G11608-256DA | 50 × 500                        | 50                  | 22 nin coramic | Borosilicate glass without |
| G11608-512DA | 25 × 500                        | 25                  | 22-pin ceramic | anti-reflective coating    |

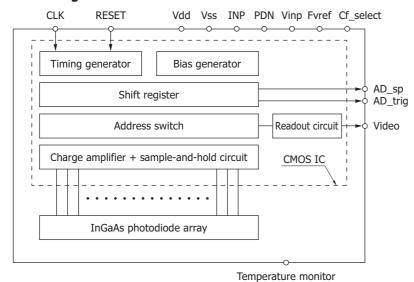
## Details of photosensitive area (unit: μm)



| Number of pixels | х  | Н  | V   |
|------------------|----|----|-----|
| 256              | 30 | 50 | 500 |
| 512              | 10 | 25 | 500 |

KMIRC0057EA

# **Block diagram**



KMIRC0058EA

# **■** Absolute maximum ratings

| Parameter                       | Symbol                       | Condition            | Min. | Тур.               | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|------|--------------------|------|------|
| Supply voltage                  | Vdd, INP, Fvref<br>Vinp, PDN | Ta=25 °C             | -0.3 | -                  | +6   | V    |
| Clock pulse voltage             | Vφ                           | Ta=25 °C             | -0.3 | -                  | +6   | V    |
| Reset pulse voltage             | V(RES)                       | Ta=25 °C             | -0.3 | -                  | +6   | V    |
| Gain selection terminal voltage | Vcfsel                       | Ta=25 °C             | -0.3 | -                  | +6   | V    |
| Operating temperature*3         | Topr                         | Non dew condensation | -10  | -                  | +60  | °C   |
| Storage temperature*3           | Tstg                         | Non dew condensation | -20  | -                  | +70  | °C   |
| Soldering conditions            | -                            |                      | 260  | °C or less, within | 5 s  | -    |
| Thermistor power disspation     | Pth                          |                      | -    | -                  | 400  | mW   |

Note: Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings even momentarily may cause a drop in product quality. Always be sure to use the product within the absolute maximum ratings.

#### **₽** Recommended terminal voltage (Ta=25 °C)

| Parameter                               |       | Symbol  | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|---|-------|---------|------|------|------|------|
| Supply voltage                          |       | Vdd     | 4.7  | 5.0  | 5.3  | V    |
| Differential reference vo               | ltage | Fvref   | 1.1  | 1.2  | 1.3  | V    |
| Video line reset voltage                |       | Vinp    | 3.9  | 4.0  | 4.1  | V    |
| Input stage amplifier reference voltage |       | INP     | 3.9  | 4.0  | 4.1  | V    |
| Photodiode cathode voltage              |       | PDN     | 3.9  | 4.0  | 4.1  | V    |
| Ground                                  |       | GND     | -    | 0    | -    | V    |
| Clack pulsa valtaga                     | High  | Vφ      | 4.7  | 5.0  | 5.3  | \/   |
| Clock pulse voltage                     | Low   | νψ      | 0    | 0    | 0.4  | v    |
| Pocot pulso voltago                     | High  | \//DEC\ | 4.7  | 5.0  | 5.3  | V    |
| Reset pulse voltage                     | Low   | V(RES)  | 0    | 0    | 0.3  | V    |

#### **□** Electrical characteristics (Ta=25 °C)

| Paramet               | er                    | Symbol     | Min. | Тур.  | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------|------|-------|------|------|
| G                     | .1608-512DA           | I(Vdd)     | -    | 45    | 80   | mA   |
| G                     | .1608-256DA           | I(Vuu)     | -    | 85    | 120  | IIIA |
| Consumption           |                       | Ifvref     | -    | -     | 1    | mA   |
| current               |                       | Ivinp      | -    | -     | 1    | mA   |
|                       |                       | Iinp       | -    | -     | 1    | mA   |
|                       |                       | Ipdn       | -    | -     | 1    | mA   |
| Operation frequency   | Operation frequency   |            | 0.1  | 1     | 5    | MHz  |
| Video data rate       | Video data rate       |            | 0.1  | f     | 5    | MHz  |
| Video output voltage  | High                  | VH         | -    | 4.0   | -    | V    |
| video output voitage  | Low                   | VL         | -    | 1.2   | -    | V    |
| Output offset voltage | Output offset voltage |            | -    | Fvref | -    | V    |
| Output impedance      |                       | Zo         | -    | 5     | -    | kΩ   |
| AD_trig, AD_sp puls   | e High                | Vtria Van  | -    | Vdd   | -    | V    |
| voltage               | Low                   | Vtrig, Vsp | -    | GND   | -    | V    |
| Thermistor resistance |                       | Rth        | 9.0  | 10.0  | 11.0 | kΩ   |
| Thermistor B consta   | nt*4                  | В          | -    | 3950  | -    | K    |

<sup>\*4:</sup> T1=25 °C, T2=50 °C



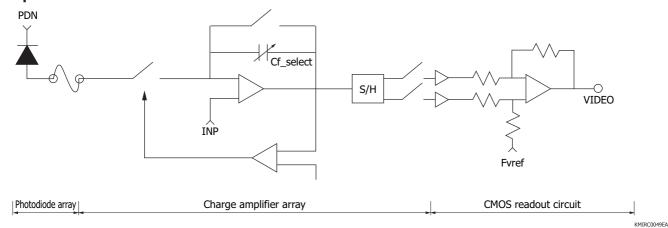
<sup>\*3:</sup> When there is a temperature difference between a product and the surrounding area in high humidity environment, dew condensation may occur on the product surface. Dew condensation on the product may cause deterioration in characteristics and reliability.

#### **Ξ** Electrical and optical characteristics (Ta=25 °C, Vdd=5 V, INP=Vinp=PDN=4 V, Fvref=1.2 V, Vφ=5 V, f=1 MHz)

| Para                              | ameter                   | Symbol | Condition                  | Min. | Тур.       | Max. | Unit     |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------|----------------------------|------|------------|------|----------|
| Spectral respon                   | se range                 | λ      |                            | -    | 0.5 to 1.7 | -    | μm       |
| Peak sensitivity                  | wavelength               | λр     |                            | -    | 1.55       | -    | μm       |
| Photo sensitivity                 | У                        | S      | λ=λρ                       | 0.8  | 1.0        | -    | A/W      |
| Conversion effic                  | cionov*5                 | CE     | Cf=10 pF                   | -    | 16         | -    | nV/e-    |
| Conversion emic                   | LIETICY                  | CL     | Cf=1 pF                    | -    | 160        | -    | IIV/E    |
| Photoresponse                     | nonuniformity*6          | PRNU   |                            | -    | ±3         | ±5   | %        |
| Caturation char                   | ~~                       | Ocat   | CE=16 nV/e <sup>-</sup>    | 168  | 175        | -    | Mo-      |
| Saturation char                   | ye                       | Qsat   | CE=160 nV/e-               | 16.8 | 17.5       | -    | - Me⁻    |
| Saturation volta                  | ige                      | Vsat   |                            | 2.7  | 2.8        | -    | V        |
| Dark output                       | G11608-256DA             | Vo     | CE_16 pV/o-                | -1   | ±0.1       | 1    | V/s      |
| Dark output                       | G11608-512DA             | VD     | VD CE=16 nV/e <sup>-</sup> | -0.5 | ±0.05      | 0.5  |          |
| Dark current                      | G11608-256DA             | To     | CE_16 pV/o-                | -10  | ±1         | 10   | nΛ       |
| Dark Current                      | G11608-512DA             | ID     | CE=16 nV/e                 | -5   | ±0.5       | 5    | - pA     |
| Temperature co<br>output (dark cu | efficient of dark rrent) | -      | CE=16 nV/e                 | -    | 1.1        | -    | times/°C |
| Readout noise*7                   |                          | N      | CE=16 nV/e-                | -    | 200        | 400  | u\/rmc   |
| Reducut Hoise                     |                          | IN     | CE=160 nV/e-               | -    | 300        | 500  | μVrms    |
| Dynamic range                     |                          | D      | CE=16 nV/e <sup>-</sup>    | 6750 | 14000      | -    | -        |
| Defective pixels                  | *8                       | -      | CE=16 nV/e <sup>-</sup>    |      | -          | 1    | %        |

<sup>\*5:</sup> Refer to pin connection when changing conversion efficiency.

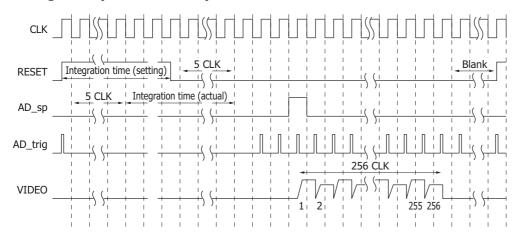
#### **Equivalent circuit**

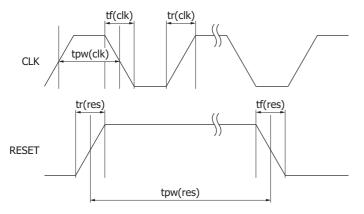


<sup>\*6: 50%</sup> of saturation, integration time 10 ms, after dark output subtraction, excluding first and last pixels \*7: Integration time=10 ms (CE=16nV/e<sup>-</sup>), 1 ms (CE=160 nV/e<sup>-</sup>)

<sup>\*8:</sup> Pixels with photoresponse nonuniformity, readout noise, or dark current higher than the maximum value

## Timing chart (each video line)

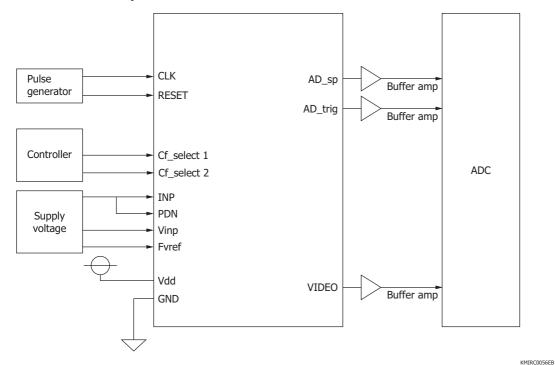




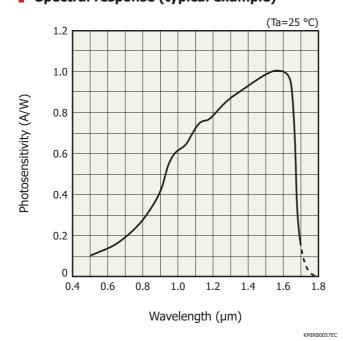
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| Parameter                   |      | Symbol           | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit   |
|-----------------------------|------|------------------|------|------|------|--------|
| Clock pulse width           |      | tpw(clk)         | 60   | 500  | 5000 | ns     |
| Clock pulse rise/fall times |      | tr(clk), tf(clk) | 0    | 20   | 30   | ns     |
| Dogot pulso width           | High | tow(roc)         | 6    | -    | -    | clocks |
| Reset pulse width           | Low  | tpw(res)         | 284  | -    | -    | CIOCKS |
| Reset pulse rise/fall times |      | tr(res), tf(res) | 0    | 20   | 30   | ns     |
| Reset pulse rise/fall times |      | tr(res), tf(res) | 0    | 20   | 30   | ns     |

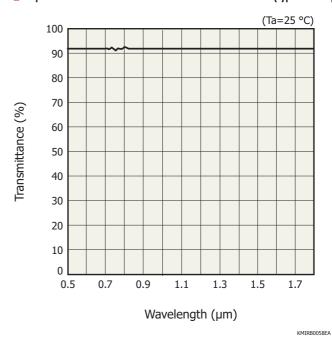
#### **Connection example**



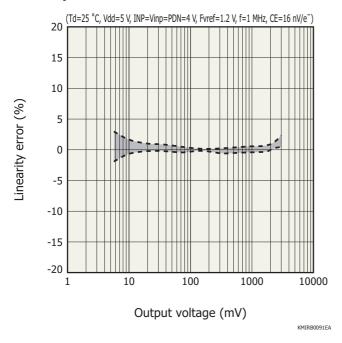
# - Spectral response (typical example)



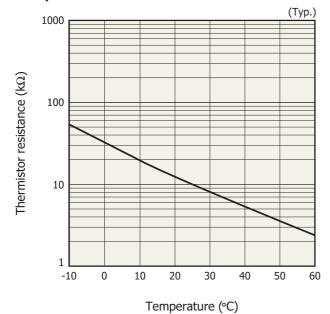
#### - Spectral transmittance characteristic of window material (typical example)



#### **Linearity** error



## **Temperature characteristics of thermistor**

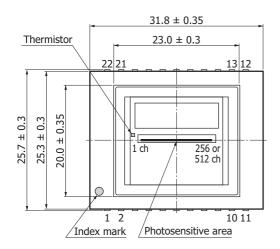


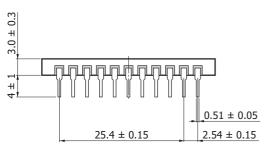
|             | ( ) ( )               |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| Temperature | Thermistor resistance |
| (°C)        | (kΩ)                  |
| -10         | 53.0                  |
| -5          | 41.2                  |
| 0           | 32.1                  |
| 5           | 25.1                  |
| 10          | 19.8                  |
| 15          | 15.7                  |
| 20          | 12.5                  |
| 25          | 10.0                  |
| 30          | 8.06                  |
| 35          | 6.53                  |
| 40          | 5.32                  |
| 45          | 4.36                  |
| 50          | 3.59                  |
| 55          | 2.97                  |
| 60          | 2.47                  |

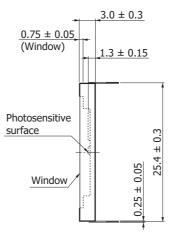
(Typ.)

KMIRB0059E

#### Dimensional outline (unit: mm)







Chip material: InGaAs
Package material: ceramic
Lead treatment: Ni/Au plating
Lead material: FeNi alloy
Window material: borosilicate glass
Reflective index of window material:
nd=1.47
Window material thickness:
0.75 ± 0.05 mm
AR coat: none
Window sealing method:
resin adhesion

Position accuracy of photosensitive area center: ±0.3 (with respect to package center)
Rotation accuracy of photosensitive area: ±5 ° (with respect to package center)

Pin no. | G11608-256DA | G11608-512DA AD\_sp\_EVEN RESET\_EVEN NC NC 2 NC AD\_trig\_EVEN 3 4 NC NC Cf\_select2 Cf\_select2 5 6 Cf\_select1 Cf\_select1 7 Thermistor Thermistor 8 Thermistor Thermistor CLK\_EVEN 9 NC Fvref Fvref 10 NC VIDEO\_EVEN 11 VIDEO VIDEO\_ODD 12 13 Vinp Vinp CLK CLK\_ODD 14 PDN\* PDN\* 15 INP\* INP\* 16 GND GND 17 18 Vdd Vdd NC NC 19 AD\_trig\_ODD 20 AD\_trig RESET RESET\_ODD 21 22 AD\_sp AD\_sp\_ODD

\* PDN and INP should be at the same potential. It is recommended to use the same power source and short between their pins

source and short between the

KMIRA0024EB

#### Pin connections

| Terminal name | Input/Output | Function and recommended connection   | Remark       |
|---------------|--------------|---|--------------|
| PDN           | Input        | Cathode bias terminal for InGaAs photodiode. This should be at the same potential as INP.   | 4.0 V        |
| AD_sp         | Output       | Digital start signal for A/D conversion   | 0 to 5 V     |
| Cf_select1, 2 | Input*8      | Signal for selecting feedback capacitance (integration capacitance) on CMOS chip  | 0 V or 5 V   |
| Thermistor    | Output       | Thermistor for minitoring temperature inside the package  | -            |
| AD_trig       | Output       | Sampling synchronous signal for A/D conversion  | 0 to 5 V     |
| RESET         | Input        | Reset pulse for initializing the feedback capacitance in the charge amplifier formed in the CMOS chip. Integration time is determined by the high period of this pulse. | 0 to 5 V     |
| CLK           | Input        | Clock pulse for operating the CMOS shift register   | 0 to 5 V     |
| INP           | Input        | Input stage amplifier reference voltage. Supply voltage for operating the signal processing circuit in the CMOS chip. This should be at the same potential as PDN.      | 4.0 V        |
| Vinp          | Input        | Video line reset voltage. Supply voltage for operating the signal processing circuit in the CMOS chip.  | 4.0 V        |
| Fvref         | Input        | Differential amplifier reference voltage. Supply voltage for operating the signal processing circuit in the CMOS chip.  | 1.2 V        |
| VIDEO         | Output       | Differential amplifier output. Analog video signal.   | 1.2 to 3.0 V |
| Vdd           | Input        | Supply voltage for operating the signal processing circuit in the CMOS chip (+5 V)  | 5 V          |
| GND           | Input        | Grand for the signal processing circuit in the CMOS chip (0 V)  | 0 V          |

\*8: Conversion efficiency is determined by supply voltage to the Cf\_select terminals as shown below.

| Conversion efficiency           | Cf_select1 | Cf_select2 |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|
| 16 nV/e <sup>-</sup> (Cf=10 pF) | High       | High       |
| 160 nV/e <sup>-</sup> (Cf=1 pF) | High       | Low        |

Low: 0 V (GND), High: 5 V(Vdd)



#### InGaAs linear image sensors

**G11608** series

#### **Electrostatic countermeasures**

This device has a built-in protection circuit against static electrical charges. However, to prevent destroying the device with electrostatic charges, take countermeasures such as grounding yourself, the workbench and tools to prevent static discharges. Also protect this device from surge voltages which might be caused by peripheral equipment.

#### - Related information

www.hamamatsu.com/sp/ssd/doc\_en.html

- Precautions
- Disclaimer
- · Image sensors

Information described in this material is current as of March, 2016.

Product specifications are subject to change without prior notice due to improvements or other reasons. This document has been carefully prepared and the information contained is believed to be accurate. In rare cases, however, there may be inaccuracies such as text errors. Before using these products, always contact us for the delivery specification sheet to check the latest specifications.

The product warranty is valid for one year after delivery and is limited to product repair or replacement for defects discovered and reported to us within that one year period. However, even if within the warranty period we accept absolutely no liability for any loss caused by natural disasters or improper product use. Copying or reprinting the contents described in this material in whole or in part is prohibited without our prior permission.

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