

## Makes it easy to measure low-light emission from living organisms, cells and foods



The photon detection unit C13796 is a single photon counting unit that is designed for counting low light emission without special set-up. All users need to prepare the sample and a personal computer (PC) only. The USB interface built-in the C13796 allows simple plug & play set-up.

Six optional modular units (sold separately) are available. The users can select the best one meeting with the purpose/application. When combined with the optional modular units, the C13796 is ideal for various measurements.

## **APPLICATIONS**

- Bioluminescence, chemiluminescence
- ●Food oxidation, antioxidant activity luminescence
- Activated cell luminescence
- ●UV-excited (UV LED) delayed fluorescence
- ATP monitor with reagent
- Other low-light-level measurements

## **FEATURES**

- ●3 times higher sensitivity than the previous model
- ●Photon counting with high SN ratio Low noise: 50 s<sup>-1</sup> (Typ. at +25 °C)
- ●Built-in USB interface
- ●Interlock function

Automatically closes optical shutter to prevent excessive light from entering PMT if sample compartment is accidentally opened during measurement.

- ●Optical fiber (FC type) compatible
- ●Built-in UV LED excitation light source

Light source wavelength: 375 nm Output power: 10 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Irradiation time: 0.1 to 3600 seconds

Reagent dispensing

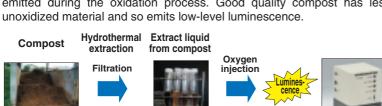
Dispenses two types of reagents using syringe, pipette as a dispenser

**•CE** marking compliance

## **APPLICATIONS**

#### Evaluating compost maturity

Organic farming is the focus of much recent attention, and is a field where the market value of good quality compost is on the rise. To ensure that good quality compost can be guickly supplied when needed, photon detection units are used in research to develop techniques for determining compost maturity during the compost purification process. Focusing on the fact that good quality compost is oxidized excrement, researchers added oxygen to liquid extracted from compost during the fermentation process to accelerate oxidation of residual organic matter and then rated the maturation from the intensity of low-level luminescence emitted during the oxidation process. Good quality compost has less



(counts/10s 5000 4000 UMINESCENCE INTENSITY 3000 MEDIUM MATURE COMPOST 2000 **FULLY MATURE COMPOST** 300 TIME (s) Data courtesy of: Nobuya Katayama, Shizuoka Prefectural Animal **Husbandry Experiment Station** Mayuko Iwai, Graduate School for Creation of New Photonics Industries

## Diagnosing fungus-infected plants

Photon detection units are utilized in research to develop techniques for detecting the low level luminescence emitted from honey fungus which is a type of mushroom that acts as a parasite and eats into road-side trees. These techniques will serve as tests to diagnose whether a tree is infected with fungal filaments (hypha).

Samples taken from the bark of the suspect tree are measured using a photon detection unit.

The material within the tree bark being eaten away by the fungus undergoes a temperature change due to fungal action so that the luminescence intensity rises with the passage of time. Utilizing these changes in low-level luminescence intensity

reveals whether there is fungal infection or not.

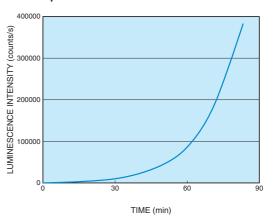


Upper: Honey fungus (fruited body: luminescence cannot be observed visually)

Left: Image observed on fungus culture under bright conditions

Right: Image observed on fungus culture under dark conditions (luminescence can be observed visually)

Results from measuring luminescence intensity on fruited body impossible to observe visually over elapsed time



Data courtesy of: Masaru Hiroi, Koriyama Women's University & College

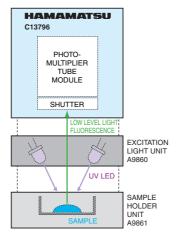
## ●Oxidization on one polished rice grain

The delayed fluorescence intensity from the surface of a single polished rice grain irradiated with UV light for 10 seconds is measured using a photon detection unit that contains an excitation light source and is operated with dedicated software.

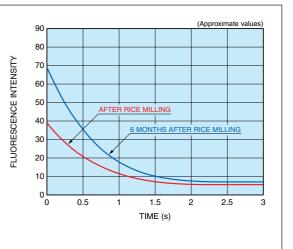
This measurement yielded a specific value for progressive oxidation after rice milling with the passage of time.



C13796 +A9860 + A9861



C13796 + A9861





#### •Luminescence level in ATP method and changes in koji aspergillus body mass during cultivation of rice koji

Photon detection units were used to measure the luminescence level in the APT method and changes in koji aspergillus body mass of rice koji cultivated based on the standard koji making test.

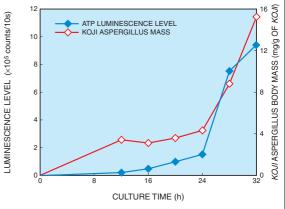
Comparing the luminescence level in the APT method with the koji aspergillus body mass, they show similar changes up to 32 consecutive hours of rice koji cultivation. Changes in the rice body mass and enzymatic activity (alpha-amylase) are major quality indicators of koji aspergillus and mainly end during the logarithmic growth phase, so how both methods related was compared in a range of the culture time from 12 to

32 hours, which is a transition to the stationary phase. Although the number of data was small, the results clearly showed a high correlation.









Data courtesy of: Prof. Takahiro Saito. Faculty of Agriculture. Department of Environmental Engineering, Utsunomiya University

## Viable bacteria count versus luminescence level in ATP method on fresh produce

Photon detection units are used in research to find techniques using chemiluminescence for quickly and easily measuring the degree of purity in food.

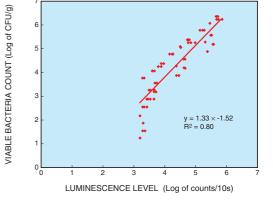
About 3 leaves each taken from the outermost layer of several pieces of Boston lettuce were thoroughly crushed and diluted about 10 times with distilled sterile water for use as the sample fluid concentrate and the luminescence intensity measured by the ATP method using the photon

detection unit. The number of viable bacteria cultured by the official analytical method was then found and the correlation with the luminescence level found





C13796 +A11044



Data courtesy of: Prof. Takahiro Saito, Faculty of Agriculture, Department of Environmental Engineering, Utsunomiya University

## Evaluation of refined sake deterioration

Refined sake (rice wine) oxidizes or in other words degrades after the container or bottle is opened. This oxidation was evaluated with photon detection units utilizing the following two methods.

#### Evaluation by XYZ measurement system (upper graph)

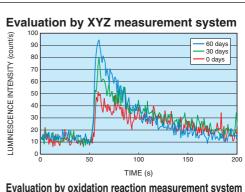
The degradation (or oxidation) occurring in refined sake was evaluated by ranking refined sake as reactive oxygen species (X) and using a mixture of anti-oxidation species (Y) and receptor species (Z).

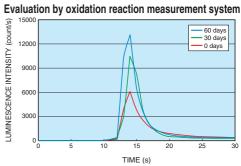
#### Evaluation by oxidation reaction measurement system (lower graph)

The degradation (or oxidation) occurring in refined sake was evaluated using a mixture of 75 microliters of hypochlorous natrium to 3 milliliters of refined sake

In both methods the luminescence intensity (degradation level) rose in proportion to the number of days in storage.







Data courtesy of: Prof. Takahiro Saito, Faculty of Agriculture, Department of Environmental Engineering, Utsunomiya University

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

## C13796-A1\* (with AC adaptor for Japan) \*A2: For North America, A3: For Europe

Parameter		Description / Value	Unit
Detection method		Photon counting method	_
Spectral response range		300 to 650 <sup>®</sup>	nm
Photocathode size		φ22	mm
Max. count rate a	at 10 % count loss	3×10 <sup>6</sup>	s <sup>-1</sup>
Counter gate time		0.001 to 10 (1, 2, 5 Steps)	s
Max. measuremen	nt point (with sample software)	1,000,000	_
Dark count (Typ.	at +25 °C)	50 <sup>(A)</sup>	s <sup>-1</sup>
Counter capacity	•	32 bit/gate	_
	Trigger signal input mode	External trigger, software trigger	_
Trigger section	Trigger signal level	TTL negative logic	_
	Trigger signal pulse width	100 ns or more	_
Input voltage (DC	C)	+7 (supplied from AC adapter)	V
Input voltage (AC	c) to supplied AC adapter	100 V to 240 V (auto switchable), single phase 50 Hz/60 Hz	_
Onerating	Temperature	+5 to +40	°C
Operating	Humidity	Below 80 (no condensation)	%
Storage	Temperature	0 to +50	°C
	Humidity	Below 85 (no condensation)	%
OS		Windows® Vista Business (32 bit), 7 Pro (32/64 bit), 8 Pro (32/64 bit), 8.1 Pro (32/64 bit)	_
Interface		USB Ver1.1	_

NOTE: (A) Option available for 300 nm to 850 nm spectral response range (Dark counts 5000 s<sup>-1</sup> typical).

Accessories (Supplied): ●CD-ROM (control software) ■USB cable (2.0 m) ■AC adapter ■Cable for external trigger (1.5 m)

#### C13796 + A9859 (Optical fiber panel)

Parameter	Description / Value	Unit
Optical fiber adapter	FC type (HRFC-R1/Hirose)	_
Distance to photocathode	15.0 (from fiber end)	mm
Weight	Approx. 1.1	kg

C13796 + A9859-01 (Optical block panel)

Parameter	Description / Value	Unit
Suitable optical block	V-groove type	_
Distance to photocathode	17.3	mm
Weight	Approx. 1.1	kg

#### **C13796 + A9861 (Sample holder unit)**

Parameter	Description / Value	Unit
Effective size of sample compartment (W $\times$ D $\times$ H)	$50 \times 50 \times 15$	mm
Distance to photocathode	26.5 (from bottom of sample compartment)	mm
Weight	Approx. 1.4	kg

#### C13796 + A9860 + A9861 (Excitation light source unit + Sample holder unit)

Parameter		Description / Value	Unit
Excitation light source (UV LED)	Wavelength · Output power	375 nm⋅10 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	
	Irradiation time	0.1 to 3600	s
	Irradiation area	$\phi$ 10 (center of sample compartment)	mm
Effective size of sample compartment (W $\times$ D $\times$ H)		$50 \times 50 \times 15$	mm
Distance to photocathode		43.5 (from bottom of sample compartment)	mm
Weight		Approx. 1.6	kg

#### C13796 + A10490 + A9861 (Dispenser unit + Sample holder unit)

Parameter	Description / Value	Unit
Suitable syringe capacity	5 (Terumo® syringe) ®	ml
Needle size	Outer diameter: 1 mm, inner diameter: 0.6 mm	_
Recommended gas flow tube	Outer diameter: 6 mm (Black tube is recommended for light shielding)	_
Distance to photocathode	43.5	mm
Weight	Approx. 1.6	kg

NOTE: ®Please prepare at customer side

#### C13796 + A11044 (Microtube unit)

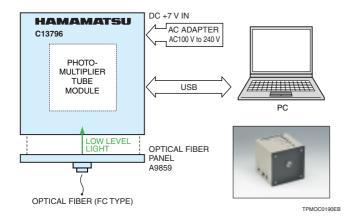
Parameter	Description / Value	Unit
Suitable microtube	500	μl
Distance to photocathode (to microtube surface)	17.0	mm
Weight	Approx. 1.7	kg



## SETUP DIAGRAMS

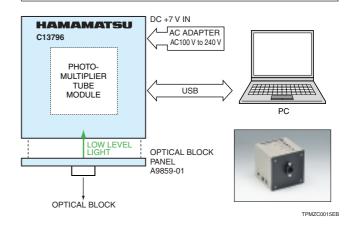
#### ●C13796 + A9859

Major applications: Various measurements using optical fiber (FC type)



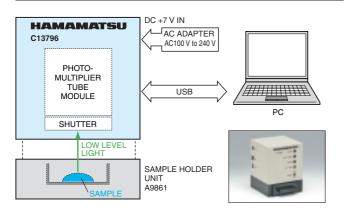
#### ●C13796 + A9859-01

Major applications: Various measurements using optical blocks



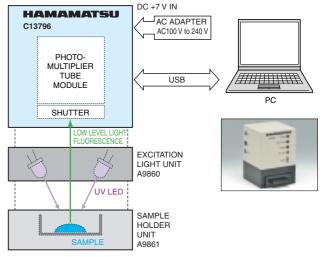
#### ●C13796 + A9861

Major applications: Bioluminescence, chemiluminescence



#### ●C13796 + A9860 + A9861

Major applications: Fluorescence life time, delayed fluorescence

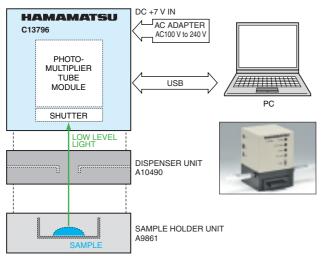


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#### TPMOC0191EB

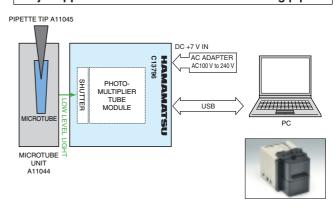
#### ●C13796 + A10490 + A9861

Major applications: Chemiluminescence using syringe



#### ●C13796 + A11044

Major applications: Chemiluminescence using pipette



TPMOC0205EB

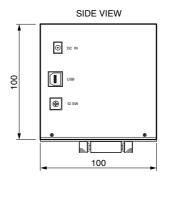
## DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE (Unit: mm)

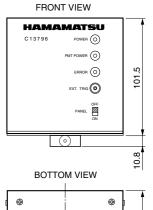
OPTICAL FIBER ADAPTER
FC TYPE: HRFC-R1 (HIROSE)

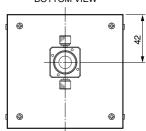
#### ●C13796 + A9859

#### SIDE VIEW FRONT VIEW HAMAMATSU C13796 POWER ( O DC IN PMT POWER (O) USB USB ERROR (O) 100 101 EXT. TRIG ID SW PANEL OFF 100 **BOTTOM VIEW** 42

#### ●C13796 + A9859-01

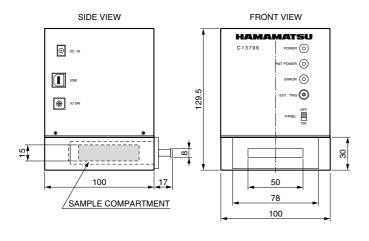




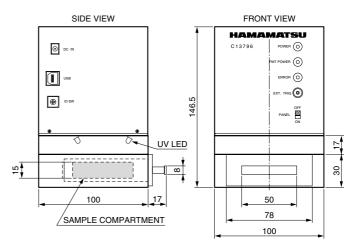


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#### ●C13796 + A9861



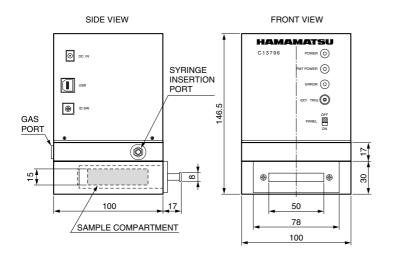
#### ●C13796 + A9860 + A9861



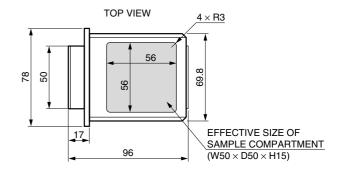
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#### ●C13796 + A10490 + A9861



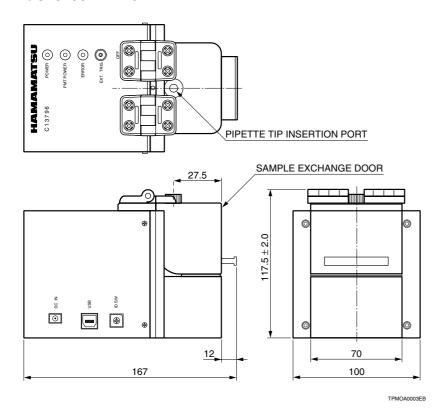
#### ●A9861 Sample compartment tray



TPMOA0034EA / TPMOA0035EA / TPMOA0045EA

#### TPMOA0045EA

#### ●C13796 + A11044



#### **Guide of Type No. for AC adapter**

#### C13796-A

- " Type No.
- 1: For Japan
- 2: For North America
- 3: For Europe

## CONTROL SOFTWARE FUNCTIONS

#### ●Time-resolved measurement

Resolves measurement time per unit time (1 ms or more) allowing measurement of various light emission patterns.

#### Optical shutter control

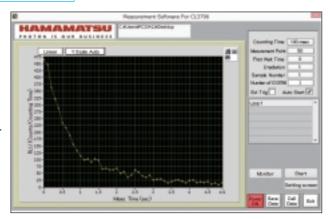
Opens or closes optical shutter for excess light protection and dark current pulse measurement.

#### Data display during measurement

Continuously transfers measurement data to PC for data monitoring.

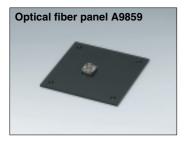
#### Measurement data save

Saves measurement data in Excel® format to make data analysis easier.



## OPTIONAL MODULAR UNITS (sold separately)

Please select following options depending on the purpose application.



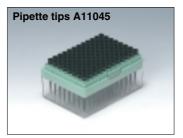












\* Optical block panels can be combined with various types of optical blocks. Optical blocks are modular units that accommodate optical components such as band-pass filters designed for use with this C13796 photon detection unit.

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