

MEMS-FPI spectrum sensor



C14273

Ultra-compact near infrared spectrum sensor that integrates MEMS-FPI tunable filter and photosensor

The MEMS-FPI spectrum sensor C14273 is a ultra-compact sensor that houses a MEMS-FPI (Fabry-Perot Interferometer) tunable filter that can vary its transmission wavelength depending on the applied voltage and InGaAs PIN photodiode in a single package. The spectral response range is 1750 to 2150 nm. It is suitable for installation in simple, compact instruments for measuring material absorbance and the like.

- Features

- Built-in Hamamatsu InGaAs PIN photodiode single element chip
- Spectral response range: 1750 to 2150 nm
- Ultra-compact: TO-5 package
- Ultra light: 1 g
- → Hermetically sealed package: High reliability in high humidity environment
- **■** Built-in thermistor
- Built-in band-pass filter for cutting off wavelengths outside the spectral response range

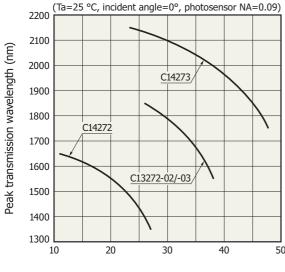
Applications

- **■** Moisture detection
- **■** Ingredient analysis (food, etc.)
- Installation into mobile measuring devices

Lineup of MEMS-FPI spectrum sensors

	Spectral response range	Spectral resolution (FWHM)
Type no.	typ.	max.
	(nm)	(nm)
C14272	1350 to 1650	18
C13272-02/-03	1550 to 1850	20
C14273	1750 to 2150	22

■ Peak transmission wavelength vs. filter control voltage (typical example)



Filter control voltage (V)

♣ Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25 °C unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Filter control voltage*1	-		$V_{\lambda 1750nm} + 0.5$	V
Photosensor reverse voltage	VR		1	V
Photosensor forward current	IF		10	mA
Operating temperature*2	Topr		-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature*2	Tstg		-40 to +125	°C
Recommended soldering conditions	-		260 °C or less, within 10 s	-
		Terminals other than photosensor terminals	300	
Electrostatic withstand voltage*3		Between the anode and cathode of the photosensor	100	V(HBM)* ⁴

^{*1:} Applying a voltage that is +0.5 V or higher than Vλ1750nm (filter control voltage to transmit light at λ=1750 nm) at a specific temperature may damage the MEMS-FPI tunable filter. For Vλ1750nm of individual products at Ta=25°C, see the final inspection sheet.

Note: Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings even momentarily may cause a drop in product quality. Always be sure to use the product within the absolute maximum ratings.

■ Electrical and optical characteristics of MEMS-FPI spectrum sensor (Ta=25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Spectral response range	λ		1750 to 2150		nm
Spectral resolution (FWHM)*5	-	-	-	22	nm
Wavelength temperature dependence*6	-	-	0.3	-	nm/°C
Wavelength reproducibility*7	-	-	±2	-	nm
Settling time (0 V→Vλ1750nm)*8	-	-	1	-	ms
Dark current*9	ID	-	15	150	nA
Thermistor resistance	-	9.6	-	10.4	kΩ

^{*5:} Incident angle=0°, photosensor NA=0.09

■ Electrical and optical characteristics of built-in InGaAs PIN photodiode (Ta=25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Photosensitive area	Α			ф0.3		mm
Spectral response range	λ			900 to 2200		nm
Peak sensitivity wavelength	λр		1850	2000	2100	nm
Photosensitivity	S	λ=λρ	1.0	1.2	-	A/W
Detectivity	D*	λ=λρ	1×10^{11}	3.5×10^{11}	-	cm·Hz ^{1/2} /W
Noise equivalent power	NEP	λ=λρ	-	7 × 10 ⁻¹⁴	2 × 10 ⁻¹³	W/Hz ^{1/2}
Terminal capacitance	Ct	VR=0 V, f=1 MHz	-	40	75	pF



^{*2:} No condensation

When there is a temperature difference between a product and the surrounding area in high humidity environment, dew condensation may occur on the product surface. Dew condensation on the product may cause deterioration in characteristics and reliability.

^{*3:} This product is an electrostatic sensitive device. When handling the product, precautions need to be taken to avoid damage and deterioration due to static electricity. For details, refer to the instruction manual supplied with the product.

^{*4:} Human body model

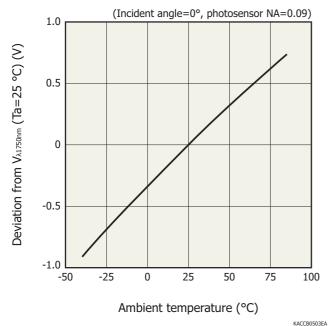
^{*6:} λ=1950 nm

^{*7:} When filter control voltage, incident light condition, and usage environment, etc. are constant

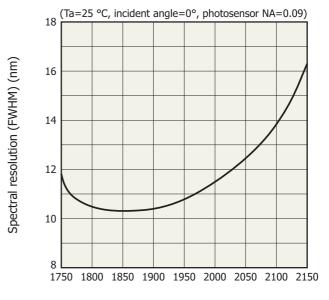
^{*8:} Time for the output signal to reach 99% of the stable signal level when the control voltage of the MEMS-FPI tunable filter is varied from 0 V to $V\lambda1750nm$

^{*9:} VR=0.5 V

Temperature characteristics of VA1750nm (typical example)



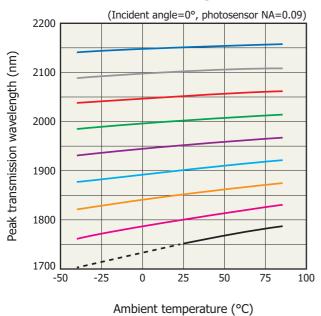
Spectral resolution vs. peak transmisson wavelength (typical example)



Peak transmisson wavelength (nm)

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Peak transmission wavelength vs. ambient temperature (typical example)

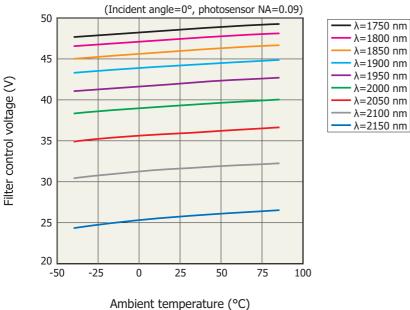


V\2150nm
V\2100nm
V\2050nm
V\2050nm
V\2000nm
V\1950nm
V\1950nm
V\1900nm
V\1850nm
V\1850nm
V\1850nm
V\1750nm

The broken line corresponds to data when the built-in band-pass filter is removed. The C14273 cannot detect the peak transmission wavelength accurately in this range. This is because when the ambient temperature is less than 25 °C, the peak transmission wavelength of the MEMS-FPI tunable filter is outside the transmission wavelength range of the band-pass filter.

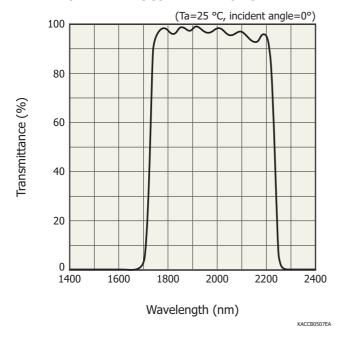
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Filter control voltage vs. ambient temperature (typical example)

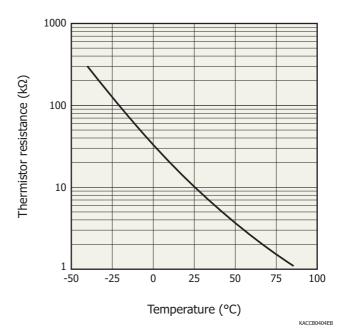


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- Spectral transmittance characteristics of band-pass filter (typical example)



Thermistor resistance vs.temperature (typical example)



Vλ2150nm Vλ2100nm

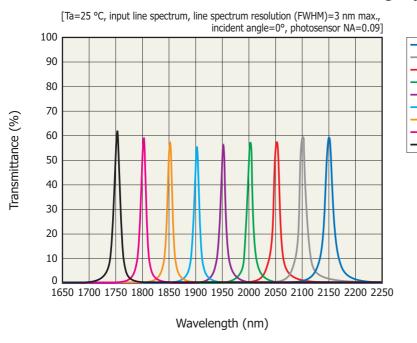
Vλ2050nm Vλ2000nm

 $V_{\lambda 1950nm} \\ V_{\lambda 1900nm}$

V_{λ1850nm}

- V_{λ1750nm}

Transmittance of MEMS-FPI tunable filter vs. wavelength (typical example)

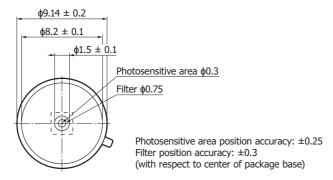


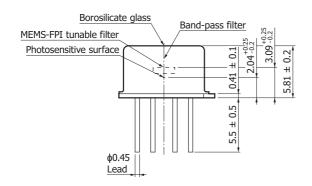
There is tolerance in filter control voltage for arbitrary peak transmission wavelength from unit to unit. The individual data for V λ 2150nm and V λ 1750nm at Ta=25 °C is to be described in an inspection sheet attached with a product

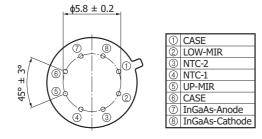
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on delivery.

Dimensional outline (unit: mm)







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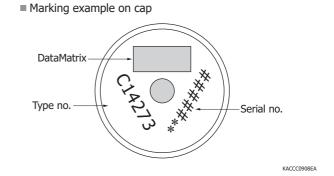
₽ Pin connections

Pin no.	Name	Input/Output	Description
1	CASE	-	Case connection
2	LOW-MIR	Input	MEMS-FPI tunable filter lower electrode
3	NTC-2	Output	For thermistor
4	NTC-1	Output	For thermistor
5	UP-MIR	Input	MEMS-FPI tunable filter upper electrode
6	CASE	-	Case connection
7	InGaAs-Anode	Output	
8	InGaAs-Cathode	Output	

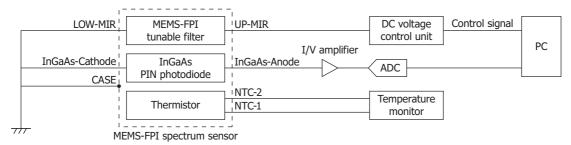
Marking information

Marking item	Description
DataMatrix	Shape: rectangle Cell size: 0.14 × 0.14 mm Symbol size: 12 × 26 cell Input information example: C14273, **##### (VITING PG ** 1 ** 1 ** 1 ** 1 ** 1 ** 1 ** 1
C14273	("Type no." + "," + "Serial no.") Type no.
**####	**: information on year and month ####: number of five digits (number of individual product)

Note: KEYENCE CORPORATION code reader SR-1000 is recommended for reading the DataMatrix.



- Connection example

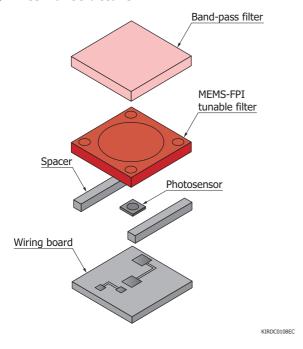


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MEMS-FPI spectrum sensor structure

The MEMS-FPI spectrum sensor is composed of a MEMS-FPI tunable filter, photosensor (photodiode), and the like. It has a simple structure in which a MEMS-FPI tunable filter and photosensor is arranged on the same axis as the direction of the incident light. Though this product is a spectrum sensor, it uses a single-element photosensor and does not require an expensive multichannel photosensor.

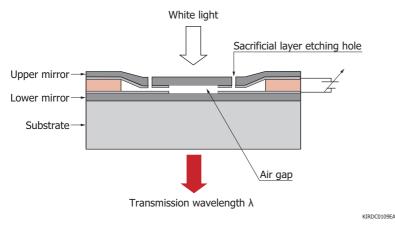
- Internal structure



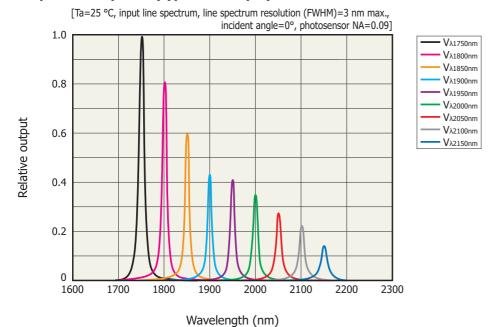
► MEMS-FPI tunable filter

The MEMS-FPI tunable filter has an upper mirror and a lower mirror that are placed opposite each other with an air gap in between them. When a voltage is applied across the mirrors, an electrostatic attractive force is produced to adjust the air gap. To facilitate this action, the upper mirror has a membrane (thin film) structure. If the air gap is $m\lambda/2$ (m: integer), it functions as a filter that allows wavelengths near λ to pass through. When the filter control voltage is increased, the air gap is narrowed by the electrostatic attractive force, and the transmission peak wavelength shifts to the short-wavelength side.

MEMS-FPI tunable filter cross section



Spectral response (typical example)



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Evaluation circuit for MEMS-FPI spectrum sensor C13294-02 (sold separately)

The C13294-02 is a circuit board designed to simply evaluate the C14272, C13272-02/-03, and C14273 MEMS-FPI spectrum sensors. By connecting the circuit board to a PC (sold separately) with a USB cable (A-micro B type) and using the accompanying evaluation software*10, you can evaluate the characteristics of the C14272, C13272-02/-03, and C14273.

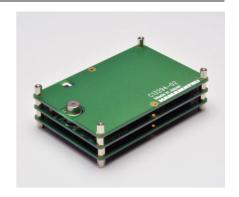
*10: Compatible OS

Microsoft® Windows® 7 Professional SP1 (32-bit/64-bit)

Microsoft Windows 8.1 Pro (32-bit, 64-bit)

Microsoft Windows 10 Pro (32-bit, 64-bit)

Microsoft and Windows are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and/or other countries.



Electrical characteristics

Parameter	Specification	Unit
Interface	USB 2.0*11	-
A/D conversion	16	bit
Gain*12	L: 4.33 × 10 ⁶ H: 4.32 × 10 ⁷	-

^{*11:} Power to this product is supplied from the USB port on the PC and this product consumes a maximum current of 500 mA. Use the USB port which can supply current of 500 mA. Due to the USB specifications, the maximum power that can be supplied from one USB port is limited to 5 V, 500 mA. Avoid connecting two or more units to one USB port through a hub.

Structure

Parameter	Specification	Unit
Compatible spectrum sensor	C14272, C13272-02/-03, C14273	-
Dimensions	90 × 60 × 28.8	mm

Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Operating temperature*13	Topr	+5 to +40	°C
Storage temperature*13	Tstg	-20 to +70	°C

^{*13:} No dew condensation

When there is a temperature difference between a product and the surrounding area in high humidity environment, dew condensation may occur on the product surface. Dew condensation on the product may cause deterioration in characteristics and reliability.

Note: Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings even momentarily may cause a drop in product quality. Always be sure to use the product within the absolute maximum ratings.

- \cdot The C13294-02 is not intended to be incorporated into a measuring system.
- The C13294-02 only operates with the supplied evaluation software. It will not operate on any other software. And the DLL is not available.



^{*12:} Design value

Precautions

Note the following when handling the product and also after installing into a device.

- · When touching the product, it is recommended to wear gloves or use tweezers. Touching the product with bare hands may cause degradation in characteristics and plating corrosion and may lead to problems with solder wettability.
- · Perform work in a clean place.
- Filter control voltage
- · Apply filter control voltage as defined by the absolute maximum ratings. Applying a filter control voltage exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the MEMS-FPI tunable filter.
- Static electricity
- · The MEMS-FPI spectrum sensor is an electrostatic sensitive device. When handling the product, precautions need to be taken to avoid damage and deterioration due to static electricity. For details, refer to the instruction manual supplied with the product.

Related information

www.hamamatsu.com/sp/ssd/doc_en.html

- Precautions
- Disclaimer
- · Safety consideration
- Technical information
- · MEMS-FPI spectrum sensors
- · Infrared detectors

Information described in this material is current as of February 2020.

Product specifications are subject to change without prior notice due to improvements or other reasons. This document has been carefully prepared and the information contained is believed to be accurate. In rare cases, however, there may be inaccuracies such as text errors. Before using these products, always contact us for the delivery specification sheet to check the latest specifications.

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